

Devi Ahilya University, Indore, India Institute of Engineering & Technology			BE III Year Computer Engineering (FullTime)				
Subject Code : 6CERC2	Instructions Hours per Week			Credits			
Subject Name: Compiler Techniques	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
Duration of Theory Paper: 3 Hours	3	1	1	3	1	1	5

### Learning Objectives:

- Understand the fundamentals of compiler design and the phases of compilation.
- Analyze compiler architecture and its major components.
- Develop skills in implementing and managing different compiler phases.
- Evaluate issues related to code optimization, correctness, and runtime efficiency.

**Prerequisites:** Computer Programming, Data Structures, Discrete Mathematics

Course Outcomes (CO) and Program Outcomes (PO) Mapping

CO No.	Course Outcome	Program Outcomes (PO)
<b>CO1</b>	Explain the fundamental concepts of compiler design	PO 1, PO 4, PO 11
<b>CO2</b>	Analyze the architecture and components of compilers	PO2, PO3, PO5, PO9
<b>CO3</b>	Apply techniques for designing and implementing compiler phases	PO6, PO10, PO10
<b>CO4</b>	Evaluate code optimization strategies and runtime efficiency	PO7, PO8, PO11,
<b>CO5</b>	Develop simple compiler modules or mini-compilers	PO2, PO4, PO5, PO10

### CO-PO Relationship Matrix:

CO No.	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
<b>CO1</b>	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
<b>CO2</b>	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
<b>CO3</b>	3	3	3	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	2
<b>CO4</b>	3	-	-	-	-	3	3	2	-	-	2
<b>CO5</b>	-	2	3	-	-	-	3	2	-	-	2

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**UNIT-I**

Introduction to Compiling: Compilers: The Analysis-Synthesis Model of Compilation; Analysis of the Source Program: Lexical Analysis, Syntax Analysis, Semantic Analysis; The Phases of a Compiler: Symbol-Table Management, The Analysis Phases, Intermediate Code Generation, Code Optimization; Cousins of the Compiler: System Software, Interpreters, Preprocessors, Assemblers, Linkers and Loaders, Macros; The Grouping of Phases: Front and Back Ends, Passes; Compiler Construction Tools.

#### **UNIT-II**

Lexical Analysis: The Role of the Lexical Analyzer: Lexical Analysis Versus Parsing, Tokens, Patterns and Lexemes, Attributes for Tokens, Lexical Errors; Specification of Tokens: Strings and Languages, Regular Expressions; Recognition of Tokens: Transition Diagrams; Finite Automata: Nondeterministic Finite Automata, Deterministic Finite Automata; From Regular Expression to Automata: Conversion of an NFA to DFA, Construction of an NFA from a Regular Expression.

#### **UNIT-III**

Syntax Analysis: Introduction: The Role of the Parser, Classification of Grammars; Context-Free Grammars: Parse Tree and Derivations, Ambiguity, CFG Versus Regular Expressions; Writing a Grammar: Lexical Versus Syntactic Analysis, Eliminating Ambiguity; Top-Down Parsing: Recursive. Descent Parsing, LL(1) Grammars, Nonrecursive Predictive Parsing; Bottom-Up Parsing: Reductions, Shift Reduce Parsing; LR Parsing: Simple LR, Constructing SLR-Parsing Tables, Constructing LALR Parsing Tables.

#### **UNIT-IV**

Intermediate-Code Generation and Run-Time Environment: Variants of Syntax Trees: Directed Acyclic Graphs for Expressions; Three Address Code: Addresses and Instructions, Quadruples, Triples; Type Checking: Rules for Type Checking, Type Conversions; Storage Organization: Static Versus Dynamic Storage Allocation; Stack Allocation of Space: Activation Trees; Introduction to Garbage Collection.

#### **UNIT-V**

Code Optimization and Planning a Compiler: Basic Blocks and Flow Graphs: Basic Blocks, Flow Graphs; Optimization of Basic Blocks: The DAG Representation of Basic Blocks, Local Common Subexpressions Elimination, Semantic Preserving Transformations; Loop Optimization; Virtual Machines and their Interpreters; The LLVM Modular and Reusable Compiler Technologies, Overview of The HiPE Compiler; Case Studies of Compilers and Future Trends: The Sun Compilers for SPARC, The IBM XL Compilers for the POWER and POWERPC Architecture

### **Learning Outcomes:**

Upon completing the course, students will acquire advance knowledge and understanding of Compiler. Use skills in Compiler Design. Apply acquired knowledge to improve performance of a Compiler. In addition to development in technology computer architectures offers a variety of resources of which students will be able to innovate in the Compiler Design.

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### **Lab Components (Key Assignments)**

1. Implement lexical analysis techniques to design and construct tokenizers using regular expressions, finite automata, and lexical analyzer generators.
2. Develop syntax analysis modules, including recursive descent parsers and table-driven parsers for LL and LR grammar constructs.

3. Generate intermediate code representations, such as three-address code, syntax trees, and DAG-based structures.
4. Perform type checking, symbol table management, and runtime storage allocation through practical implementation exercises.
5. Apply code optimization techniques on basic blocks and flow graphs, including dead-code elimination and loop optimization.
6. Integrate lexical, syntax, and semantic phases to build a mini-compiler or interpreter demonstrating end-to-end compilation.

## **Recommended Books:**

[1] Compilers: Principles, Techniques, and Tools; Alfred V. Aho, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman; Pearson Education.

[2] Compilers: Principles, Techniques, and Tools; Alfred V. Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman; Pearson Education.

[3] System Programming: D M Dhamdhere; McGraw Hill Education. [4] System Programming and Operating Systems: D M Dhamdhere; McGraw Hill Education.