

Devi Ahilya University, Indore, India Institute of Engineering & Technology				III Year B.E. (Computer Engg.) (Full Time)			
Subject Code & Name	Instructions Hours per Week			Credits			
6CERC3 DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS	L	T	P	L	T	P	Total
	3	1		3	1		4
Duration of Theory Paper: 3 Hours							

### Prerequisite:

Operating Systems, Computer Networks, Data Structures & Algorithms, and proficiency in a programming language (Java/Python/C++).

### Learning Objectives

Students will learn to:

- Understand distributed system architecture and communication models.
- Learn synchronization, consistency, and coordination techniques.
- Study distributed file systems, DSM, and fault tolerance.
- Understand modern frameworks like Hadoop, Spark, cloud & edge computing.
- Learn security mechanisms and design basic distributed applications.

### Course Objectives –

- To provide foundational knowledge of distributed computing models and architectures.
- To understand communication, synchronization, and coordination in distributed environments.
- To study distributed file systems, shared memory, and fault tolerance techniques.
- To learn modern distributed platforms (Hadoop, Spark, cloud/edge computing).
- To develop the ability to design and implement distributed applications securely and efficiently.

### Course Outcome:

CO No.	Course Outcome (CO)	Mapped PO(s)
CO1	Understand the fundamental concepts, architectures, and communication models of distributed systems.	PO1, PO2
CO2	Apply synchronization, coordination, and consistency techniques such as logical clocks, mutual exclusion, and replication.	PO1, PO2, PO3

CO No.	Course Outcome (CO)	Mapped PO(s)
CO3	Analyse the design and working of distributed file systems (NFS, AFS, HDFS) and distributed shared memory systems.	PO2, PO3
CO4	Evaluate distributed algorithms for consensus, fault tolerance, and reliability (2PC, 3PC, snapshots, and checkpoints).	PO2, PO4
CO5	Use modern distributed frameworks such as Hadoop, Map Reduce, Spark, and apply distributed programming concepts to solve real problems.	PO3, PO5
CO6	Identify security threats in distributed environments and recommend appropriate security mechanisms such as authentication and encryption.	PO2, PO12
CO7	Design and implement simple distributed applications demonstrating communication, synchronization, and basic fault tolerance.	PO3, PO4, PO5

### CO-PO Relationship

Course Outcomes (COs)	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6-PO11	PO12
CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts, architectures & communication models of distributed systems.	3	2	1	–	–	–	1
CO2: Apply synchronization, coordination, and consistency mechanisms.	3	3	2	2	1	–	–
CO3: Analyse DFS, DSM and distributed storage mechanisms.	2	3	3	2	1	–	–
CO4: Evaluate fault tolerance, consensus, and recovery algorithms.	2	3	2	3	1	–	–
CO5: Utilize modern distributed frameworks (Hadoop, Spark, MapReduce).	1	2	3	2	3	–	–
CO6: Identify and address security issues in distributed environments.	1	2	1	2	2	–	3
CO7: Design and implement distributed applications.	2	2	3	3	3	–	–

\* CO (rows) mention nil/very small/insignificant contribution to the PO (column)  
1 → relevant and small significance    2 → medium or moderate and    3 → strong

## **UNIT - I**

### **1.1 Fundamentals**

- Definition, characteristics, goals of distributed systems
- Types of distributed systems: Client-Server, Peer-to-Peer, Cluster, Cloud

### **1.2 Models of Distributed Systems**

- Architectural models
- Fundamental models (interaction, failure, security models)

### **1.3 Communication Basics**

- Inter-process communication (message passing, RPC, RMI)
- Sockets, communication channels, marshalling

### **1.4 Case Studies**

- Google File System (GFS)
- Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS)

## **UNIT – II**

### **Synchronization, Coordination & Consistency**

#### **2.1 Synchronization**

- Clock synchronization: NTP, Logical clocks (Lamport, Vector clocks)
- Global states, snapshots (Chandy–Lamport algorithm)

#### **2.2 Coordination**

- Mutual exclusion algorithms (Lamport, Ricart-Agrawala)
- Election algorithms (Bully, Ring)

#### **2.3 Consistency & Replication**

- Data-centric consistency models (strict, sequential, causal, eventual consistency)
- Client-centric consistency
- Replication techniques

## **UNIT – III**

### **Distributed File Systems & Distributed Shared Memory**

#### **3.1 Distributed File Systems (DFS)**

- Naming concepts
- File caching, replication
- Directory services

#### **3.2 DFS Case Studies**

- NFS (Network File System)
- AFS (Andrew File System)

#### **3.3 Distributed Shared Memory (DSM)**

- Concepts and architecture
- Memory coherence & consistency in DSM
- Implementation issues

#### **3.4 Fault Tolerance Basics**

- Fail-stop, crash recovery models
- Logging and check pointing

## **UNIT - IV**

### **Distributed Algorithms & Fault Tolerance**

#### **4.1 Distributed Algorithms**

- Consensus & agreement problems
- Two-phase commit (2PC)
- Three-phase commit (3PC)

#### **4.2 Fault Tolerance**

- Redundancy, replication
- Byzantine fault tolerance (simplified)
- Leader election, reliable group communication

#### **4.3 Distributed Object Models**

- CORBA basics

- Communication and invocation in distributed objects

## **UNIT- V**

# **Cloud Computing, Edge Computing & Modern Distributed Systems**

## **5.1 Cloud Computing Concepts**

- Virtualization: types and role in distributed systems
- IaaS, PaaS, SaaS models
- Cloud storage and distributed databases

## **5.2 Edge & Fog Computing**

- Architecture and use cases
- Low-latency distributed systems

## **5.3 Modern Distributed Frameworks**

- Map Reduce Programming Model
- Apache Hadoop and Spark architecture

## **5.4 Security in Distributed Systems**

- Threats and challenges
- Cryptographic basics, secure communication
- Access control

### **Learning Outcomes:**

Upon completion, students will be able to:

- Understand distributed systems architecture and communication.
- Apply synchronization, consistency, and coordination mechanisms.
- Analyse distributed algorithms and fault tolerance.
- Use modern distributed frameworks (Hadoop/Spark).
- Address security challenges in distributed environments.
- Design and develop basic distributed applications.

## Books

- **Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms** by Andrew S. Tanenbaum & Maarten Van Steen — Frequently recommended for academic courses. [pce.ac.in+1](http://pce.ac.in+1)
- **Distributed Computing: Principles, Algorithms, and Systems** by Ajay D. Kshemkalyani & Mukesh Singhal — Good for algorithms, concurrency and practical distributed system behaviour. [Google Books+1](#)
- For more practice and modern aspects: **Building Distributed Systems** by Ranjit Aneesh — emphasizes real-world design decisions and architecture (useful if you plan to work on projects or distributed systems in industry). [BPB Online](#)